## Chemistry 100 Practice Final Exam

## Instructions:

Do not begin the exam until you have been instructed to do so. You have 120 minutes to complete this exam.

There are 50 multiple choice questions.

You must use a number 2 pencil.
You may use a scientific calculator.
Make sure that you have written your name legibly on the scantron form.
Circle bubbles on the scantron form as best as you can.
Answer all 50 questions.
If you cannot find an answer on the exam that you expected to see then answer the question as best as you can.

Attached to the end of this exam are tables of SI prefixes, atomic numbers and masses, as well as the periodic table.

Pick the BEST choice for each question.
Good Luck.

Print Name: $\qquad$

Signature: $\qquad$

1. Which of the following is an element?
A) salt
B) silicon
C) ammonia
D) carbon monoxide
2. Which of the following is a compound?
A) limestone
B) astatine
C) lithium
D) gold
3. Which of the following is a chemical property?
A) Water boils below $100^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ on top of a mountain.
B) Lead is denser than aluminum
C) Oxygen gas supports combustion
D) Nitrogen is a gas at room temperature
4. What is the atomic weight of krypton?
A) 39.10
B) 83.80
C) 132.9
D) 78
5. What is the molar mass of Fe 2 O 3 ?
A) 21.85
B) 87.85
C) 127.7
D) 159.7
6. What is 356 expressed in scientific notation?
A) $35.6 \times 101$
B) $3.56 \times 102$
C) $3.56 \times 103$
D) $3.56 \times 10-2$
7. What is $1.78 \times 10-2$ expressed as a decimal?
A) 0.0178
B) 0.178
C) 178
D) 1780
8. The number 9.0652 rounded to three significant figures is
A) 9.00
B) 9.07
C) 9.05
D) 9.06
9. For which of the following calculations is $1.80 \times 10-2$ the correct answer?
A) 653 / ( $5.75 \times 10-8$ )
B) $850,000-(9.0 \times 105)$
C) $0.0095+(8.5 \times 10-3)$
D) $(3.63 \times 10-4) \times(3.6 \times 106)$
10. Which of the following measurements has seven significant figures?
A) 48007 mi
B) 0.05000000 mL
C) $60,1040 \mathrm{ton}$
D) 0.000003 cm
11. Calculate the percent composition by mass of S in sulfuric acid, H 2 SO 4
A) $48 \%$
B) $3 \%$
C) $100 \%$
D) $78 \%$
12. What is the mass in grams of 1 mole of N2?
A) 14.01
B) 22.99
C) 28.02
D) 45.98
13. How many protons are there in the nucleus of cadmium-112?
A) 112
B) 40
C) 72
D) 48
14. What is the molecular mass of a (NH2)2CO.
A) $58.02 \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{mol}$
B) $60.02 \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{mol}$
C) $43.02 \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{mol}$
D) $44.02 \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{mol}$
15. How many neutrons are in the nucleus of a tin -118 ?
A) 118
B) 58
C) 50
D) 68
16. Name the Al2O3?
A) dialuminum trioxide
B) aluminum oxide
C) aluminum (III) oxide
D) aluminum (II) oxide
17. 356 K equals $\qquad$ $\mathrm{TK}=\mathrm{TC}+273$
A) 83 C
B) -83 C
C) 629 C
D) 1.30 C
18. Which of the following masses has the highest precision?
A) 900.075
B) 8400.00
C) 68.0088
D) 0.00004
19. What is the total number of atoms in 2.70 moles of aluminum ( $\mathrm{NA}=6.023 \times 1023$ )
A) $1.63 \times 1024$
B) $1.62 \times 1025$
C) $6.023 \times 1023$
D) $1.63 \times 10-24$

20 . How many moles are in 25.8 g of sodium?
A) 593.1 mol
B) 1.12 mol
C) $1.55 \times 1025 \mathrm{~mol}$
D) $4.28 \times 10-23 \mathrm{~mol}$
21. The atomic mass is defined as $\qquad$ ?
A) the amount of a substance that contains as many elementary entities as there are atoms in exactly 12 g of the $\mathrm{N}-14$ isotope.
B) a mass exactly equal to one-twelfth the mass of one C-12 atom.
C) a mass of 1 mole of units of a substance.
D) the amount of a substance that contains as many elementary entities as there are atoms in exactly 12 g of the $\mathrm{C}-12$ isotope.
22. What is the mass in grams of $2.76 \times 1017$ atoms of calcium?
A) 10.81 g
B) $6.66 \times 1042 \mathrm{~g}$
C) $1.84 \times 10-5 \mathrm{~g}$
D) $4.15 \times 10-39$
23. The elements in the Group 2 A of the periodic table are known as
A) Noble gases
B) alkali earth metals
C) halogens
D) alkaline earth metals
E) alkali metals
24. Convert 556 mL to quarts $(1 \mathrm{~L}=1.06 \mathrm{qt})$
A) $5.89 \times 10-1 \mathrm{qt}$
B) $5.89 \times 105 \mathrm{qt}$
C) 0.556 qt
D) 556000 qt
25. The average speed of helium gas at room temperature is $1255 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$. Convert this speed to miles per hour ( mph ).
A) 0.0002166 mph
B) 2807 mph
C) 561.0 mph
D) 869600 mph
26. Which of the following has a greater mass: $3.0115 \times 1024$ atoms of hydrogen or 2 moles of nickel?
A) 2 mole of nickel
B) $3.0115 \times 1024$ atoms of hydrogen
C) Both the same
27. A can beverage contains 2.8 L of liquid. How many nanoliters is this?
A) $1.4 \times 10-8 \mathrm{~nL}$
B) 1.4 nL
C) $2.8 \times 10-9 \mathrm{~nL}$
D) $2.8 \times 109 \mathrm{~nL}$
28. How many neutrons are in the nucleus of rubidium- 85 atom?
A) 85
B) 37
C) 48
D) 122
29. Which is the correct formula of sodium oxide?
A) NaO
B) NaO 2
C) Na 2 O
D) Na 2 O 2
30. The chemical name for ClO 3 - is "chlorate ion". Therefore, the name of HClO 3
A) perchloric acid
B) chloric acid
C) chlorous acid
D) hypochlorous acid
31. What is the number electrons in the nucleus of the $\mathrm{Fe} 2+$
A) 26
B) 28
C) 2
D) 24
32. How many electrons are present in a silver atom?
A) 47
B) 107
C) 108
D) 60
33. What is the correct formula for magnesium permanganate?
A) MgCrO 4
B) $\mathrm{Mg}(\mathrm{MnO} 4) 2$
C) $\mathrm{Mg}(\mathrm{MgO} 4) 2$
D) MgMnO 4
34. The mass of a table is actually 12.78 kg . A student makes several measurements to determine the mass of the table. Which of the following measurements is the most accurate?
A) 13 kg
B) 12.70 kg
C) 12.80 kg
D) 12.90 kg
35. An atom of the isotope bromine-80 consists of how many protons (p), neutrons ( n ), and electrons (e)?
A) $45 \mathrm{p}, 35 \mathrm{n}, 45 \mathrm{e}$
B) $45 \mathrm{p}, 45 \mathrm{n}, 35 \mathrm{e}$
C) $35 \mathrm{p}, 45 \mathrm{n}, 35 \mathrm{e}$
D) $35 \mathrm{p}, 35 \mathrm{n}, 45 \mathrm{e}$
36. Given the 20 electrons, 20 protons, and 20 neutrons in one of which atoms?
A) chlorine-37
B) rubidium- 85
C) calcium- 20
D) chlorine- 35
37. Condensation refers to which conversion?
A) solid to gas
B) liquid to gas
C) solid to liquid
D) gas to liquid
38. How many moles are in 67 g of gold?
A) 0.34 mol
B) 13199 mol
C) 7169 mol
D) 0.63 mol
39. The mass of $1.63 \times 1021$ silicon atoms is
A) $2.71 \times 10-23 \mathrm{~g}$
B) $4.58 \times 1022 \mathrm{~g}$
C) 28.08 g
D) $7.60 \times 10-2 \mathrm{~g}$
40. How many silicon atoms are there in 1.00 g of silicon?
A) 1 atom
B) 0.0356 atoms
C) $2.57 \times 1023$ atoms
D) $2.14 \times 1022$ atoms
41. Calculate the number of moles of xenon in 12.0 g of xenon.
A) 1.00 mol
B) 0.0457 mol
C) 0.0914 mol
D) $7.62 \times 10-3 \mathrm{~mol}$
42. Calculate the molecular mass of potassium permanganate, KMnO 4 .
A) 52 amu
B) 70 amu
C) 110 amu
D) 158 amu
43. Calculate the mass of 3.00 moles of CF2Cl2.
A) 3.00 g
B) 174 g
C) 363 g
D) $1.81 \times 1024 \mathrm{~g}$
44. How many molecules are there in 8.0 g of ozone, O3?
A) 3 molecules
B) $3.6 \times 1024$ molecules
C) $1.0 \times 1023$ molecules
D) $3.0 \times 1023$ molecules
45. How many sulfur atoms are there in 21.0 g of Al2S3?
A) $8.42 \times 1022$ atoms
B) $2.53 \times 1023$ atoms
C) $2.14 \times 1023$ atoms
D) $6.02 \times 1026$ atoms
46. A compound was discovered whose composition by mass is $85.6 \% \mathrm{C}$ and $14.4 \% \mathrm{H}$. Which of these choices could be the molecular formula of this compound?
A) CH 4
B) C 2 H 4
C) C 3 H 4
D) C 2 H 6
47. What is the coefficient of H 2 O when the following equation is properly balanced with the smallest set of whole numbers?
$\ldots]_{\text {_ }} \mathrm{Na}+\ldots \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O} \rightarrow$ __ $\mathrm{NaOH}+\ldots \mathrm{H}_{2}$
A) 1
B) 2
C) 3
D) 4
48. Balance the following equation using the smallest set of whole numbers, then add together the coefficients. Don't forget to count coefficients of one.
$\__{\text {_ }} \mathrm{SF} 4+\ldots \mathrm{H} 2 \mathrm{O} \rightarrow \ldots \ldots \mathrm{H} 2 \mathrm{SO} 3+\ldots \ldots \mathrm{HF}$
A) 4
B) 9
C) 6
D) 7
49. When 22.0 g NaCl and 21.0 g H 2 SO 4 are mixed and react according to the equation below, which is the limiting reagent?
$2 \mathrm{NaCl}+\mathrm{H} 2 \mathrm{SO} 4 \rightarrow \mathrm{Na} 2 \mathrm{SO} 4+2 \mathrm{HCl}$
A) NaCl
B) H 2 SO 4
C) Na 2 SO 4
D) No reagent is limiting
50. What is the theoretical yield of aluminum that can be produced by reaction of 60.0 g of aluminum oxide with 30.0 g of carbon according to the following chemical equation?
$\mathrm{Al} 2 \mathrm{O} 3+3 \mathrm{C} \rightarrow 2 \mathrm{Al}+3 \mathrm{CO}$
A) 30.0 g
B) 31.8 g
C) 101.2 g
D) 45.9 g

