KINGSBOROUGH COMMUNITY COLLEGE The City University of New York

CURRICULUM TRANSMITTAL COVER PAGE

epartment:Tourism and Hospitality	Date: July 10, 2017	
itle Of Course Or Degree: CA 1600 Chocole	ate and Sugar Confections	
<u>Change(s) Initiated:</u> (Please check)		
☐ Closing of Degree ☐ Closing of Certificate ☐ New Certificate Proposal ☐ New Degree Proposal ☑ New Course ☐ New 82 Course ☐ Deletion of Course	Change in Degree or Certificate Requirements Change in Degree Requirements (adding concentration) Change in Pre/Co-Requisite Change in Course Designation Change in Course Description Change in Course Title, Numbers Credit and/or Hour Change in Academic Policy Pathways Submission: Life and Physical Science Math and Quantitative Reasoning A. World Cultures and Global Issues B. U.S. Experience in its Diversity C. Creative Expression D. Individual and Society E. Scientific World	
Other (please describe):		
PLEASE ATTACH MATERIAL TO ILLUS	TRATE AND EXPLAIN ALL CHANGES	
DEPARTMENTAL ACTION		
Action by Department and/or Depart	mental Committee, if required:	
Date Approved:Signa	ature, Committee Chairperson:	
I have reviewed the attached material	l/proposal	
Signature, Department Chairperson:	_ A Burly	

KINGSBOROUGH COMMUNITY COLLEGE THE CITY UNIVERSITY OF NEW YORK

NEW COURSE PROPOSAL FORM

1. DEPARTMENT, COURSE NUMBER, AND TITLE (SPEAK TO ACADEMIC SCHEDULING FOR NEW COURSE NUMBER ASSIGNMENT):

Tourism and Hospitality Department CA 1600 Chocolate and Sugar Confections

2. [DOES THIS	COURSE MEET	A GENERAL	EDUCATION/CU	NY CORE	CATEGORY?
------	-----------	-------------	-----------	--------------	---------	-----------

N/A

Life and Physical Science

Math and Quantitative Reasoning

A. World Cultures and Global Issues

B. U.S. Experience in its Diversity

C. Creative Expression

D. Individual and Society

E. Scientific World

<u>IF YES, COMPLETE AND SUBMIT WITH THIS PROPOSAL A CUNY COMMON CORE</u> <u>SUBMISSION FORM.</u>

3. DESCRIBE HOW THIS COURSE TRANSFERS (REQUIRED FOR A.S. DEGREE COURSE). IF A.A.S. DEGREE COURSE AND DOES NOT TRANSFER, JUSTIFY ROLE OF COURSE, E.G. DESCRIBE OTHER LEARNING OBJECTIVES MET:

CA 1600: Chocolate and Sugar Confections incorporates advanced chocolate and sugar technique with specialty candy and show piece business operations, thus augmenting Kingsborough's current suite of baking and pastry courses to better prepare students for a breadth of employment opportunities in the field.

CA 11: Baking & Pastry, CA 12: Patisserie, and CA 13: Contemporary Dessert Plating courses introduce basic baking and pastry skills for entry-level production and service in restaurants and hotels. This course, however, elevates students' skill sets and knowledge in order to emphasize the competencies most sought-after by specialty chocolate and sugar businesses, bakeries, and patisseries, including such skill sets as creative design, ability to work with hot sugar, ability to craft chocolate and sugar show pieces, bonbons, and assorted candies.

The course may also transfer to baccalaureate programs in culinary arts or food/hospitality management. It is similar to HGMT 4973 Confectionary Arts at New York City College of Technology.

4. BULLETIN DESCRIPTION OF COURSE:

This course is designed to introduce students to sugar and chocolate techniques. Students will be expose to pastillage, poured sugar, casting sugar, pulled sugar and blow sugar to create showpieces emphasizing creative thinking, design, construction and planning. Students will learn basic principles involved in tempering chocolate, chocolate sculptures and other confections. They will use both traditional and contemporary production methods in creating confections by hand and with special equipment.

5. CREDITS AND HOURS* (PLEASE CHECK ONE APPROPRIATE BOX BELOW BASED ON CREDITS): 1-credit: ☐ 1 hour lecture ☐ 2 hours lab/field/gym 2-credits: ☐ 2 hours lecture ☐ 1 hour lecture, 2 hours lab/field ☐ 4 hours lab/field 3-credits: ☐ 3 hours lecture. ☐ 2 hours lecture, 2 hours lab/field ✓ 1 hour lecture. 4 hours lab/field ☐ 6 hours lab/field 4-credits: ☐ 4 hours lecture ☐ 3 hours lecture, 2 hours lab/field ☐ 2 hours lecture, 4 hours lab/field ☐ 1 hour lecture. 6 hours lab/field □ 8 hours lab/field More than 4-credits: ☐ Number of credits: (explain mix lecture/lab below) Lecture Lab Explanation:

*Hours are hours per week in a typical 12-week semester

6. NUMBER OF EQUATED CREDITS IN ITEM #5:

N/A

- 7. COURSE PREREQUISITES AND COREQUISITES (IF NONE PLEASE INDICATE FOR EACH)
 - A. PREREQUISITE(S): CA 1100
 - B. COREQUISITE(S):
 - C. PRE/COREQUISITE(S):
- 8. BRIEF RATIONALE TO JUSTIFY PROPOSED COURSE TO INCLUDE:
 - A. ENROLLMENT SUMMARY IF PREVIOUSLY OFFERED AS AN 82 (INCLUDE COMPLETE 4-DIGIT 82 COURSE NUMBER)
 N/A
 - B. PROJECTED ENROLLMENT 15 18
 - C. <u>SUGGESTED</u> CLASS LIMITS
 18 (Maximum capacity of kitchen)
 - D. FREQUENCY COURSE IS LIKELY TO BE OFFERED Fall and Spring semesters
 - E. ROLE OF COURSE IN DEPARTMENT'S CURRICULUM AND COLLEGE'S MISSION
 Kingsborough is dedicated to promoting lifelong learning by offering
 opportunities to prepare students for continued education and immediate
 employment. The Chocolate and Sugar Confections course is positioned
 to prepare students for both tracks. Because the course builds on the
 foundations of chocolate and sugar confections and showpieces, students
 will develop new and marketable skills valued by employers and
 Bachelors programs alike.

The course will serve as a required course in the Baking & Pastry Arts Concentration within the Culinary Arts program. This particular course is one of five that strengthen the students repertoire of employable skills.

9. LIST COURSE(S), IF ANY, TO BE WITHDRAWN WHEN COURSE IS ADOPTED (NOTE THIS IS NOT THE SAME AS DELETING A COURSE):

N/A

10. IF COURSE IS AN INTERNSHIP, INDEPENDENT STUDY, OR THE LIKE, PROVIDE AN EXPLANATION AS TO HOW THE STUDENT WILL EARN THE CREDITS AWARDED. THE CREDITS AWARDED SHOULD BE CONSISTENT WITH STUDENT EFFORTS REQUIRED IN A TRADITIONAL CLASSROOM SETTING:

N/A

11. PROPOSED TEXT BOOK(S) AND/OR OTHER REQUIRED INSTRUCTIONAL MATERIAL(S):

Notter, Ewald. *The Art of the Confectioner: Sugarwork and Pastillage.* Hoboken, NJ: Wiley, 2012.

Notter, Ewald. The Art of the Chocoltier: From Classic Confections to

Sensational Showpieces. Hoboken, NJ:John Wiley & Sons, 2011.

12. REQUIRED COURSE FOR MAJOR OR AREA OF CONCENTRATION? YES

IF YES, COURSE IS REQUIRED, SUBMIT A SEPARATE CURRICULUM TRANSMITTAL COVER PAGE INDICATING A "CHANGE IN DEGREE OR CERTIFICATE REQUIREMENTS" AS WELL AS A PROPOSAL THAT MUST INCLUDE A RATIONALE AND THE FOLLOWING ADDITIONAL PAGES: A "CURRENT" DEGREE WITH ALL PROPOSED DELETIONS (STRIKEOUTS) AND ADDITIONS (BOLDED TEXT) CLEARLY INDICATED, AND A "PROPOSED" DEGREE, WHICH DISPLAYS THE DEGREE AS IT WILL APPEAR IN THE CATALOG (FOR A COPY OF THE MOST UP-TO-DATE DEGREE/CERTIFICATE REQUIREMENTS CONTACT AMANDA KALIN, EXT. 4611).

NYSED GUIDELINES OF 45 CREDITS OF LIBERAL ARTS COURSE WORK FOR AN ASSOCIATE OF ARTS DEGREE (A.A.), 30 CREDITS FOR AND ASSOCIATE OF SCIENCE DEGREE (A.S.), AND 20 CREDITS FOR AN APPLIED ASSOCIATE OF SCIENCE DEGREE (A.A.S.) MUST BE ADHERED TO FOR ALL 60 CREDIT PROGRAMS.

13. If OPEN ONLY TO SELECTED STUDENTS SPECIFY POPULATION:

Culinary Art Majors

14. EXPLAIN WHAT STUDENTS WILL KNOW AND BE ABLE TO DO UPON COMPLETION OF COURSE:

Upon completion of this course, the student should be able to do the following:

- Develop proficiency in handling and tempering a variety of chocolate and understanding how chocolate is used within the industry
- Develop proficiency in cooking, handling, pulling, casting and blowing sugar decorations
- Design and execute a contemporary sugar and/or chocolate showpiece
- Critique and analyze chocolate and sugar candies and confections
- Demonstrate industry standards of sanitation, safety and professionalism as it relates to the production of chocolate and sugar products
- 15. METHODS OF TEACHING —E.G. LECTURES, LABORATORIES, AND OTHER ASSIGNMENTS FOR STUDENTS, INCLUDING ANY OF THE FOLLOWING: DEMONSTRATIONS, GROUP WORK, WEBSITE OR E-MAIL INTERACTIONS AND/OR ASSIGNMENTS, PRACTICE IN APPLICATION OF SKILLS, ETC.:

Lectures (one hour per session) use a variety of teaching methods to further develop skills and competencies, to connect theory to practical skills, and to test student understanding. These include:

- Introduction of new terminology
- Large group discussion
- Supplemental handouts

- Quizzes
- Mid-term exam
- Final exam

The kitchen laboratory (4 hours per session) provides students with an opportunity to apply theory and practical skills in a kitchen setting. Instruction will rely on multiple teaching techniques, including:

- Demonstration to introduce new techniques
- Group work in pairs for laboratory (different pairs each week to encourage teamwork and adaptability)
- Final showpiece

16. ASSIGNMENTS TO STUDENTS:

Final

Students will sketch an original design for a chocolate and sugar showpiece utilizing all of the elements and techniques learned throughout the course. They will present their final project, which will include:

Molded chocolate element

Use of tempered chocolate to create edible decoration

6 portions of chocolate bonbons

Pulled or blown sugar decoration

Poured sugar element

6 portions of flavored sugar candy

- 17. DESCRIBE METHOD OF EVALUATING LEARNING SPECIFIED IN #15 INCLUDE PERCENTAGE BREAKDOWN FOR GRADING. IF A DEVELOPMENTAL COURSE INCLUDE HOW THE NEXT LEVEL COURSE IS DETERMINED AS WELL AS NEXT LEVEL PLACEMENT.
 - Class participation and laboratory (students will be evaluated on organization, sanitation, teamwork, communication skills, quality of production, understanding of techniques, and production analysis)
 - 10% Quizzes
 - 15% Mid-term exam
 - 15% Final showpiece
 - 15% Final exam
 - 100% Total

Criteria	Professional	Experienced	Developing	Novice
Concept Skills	Student was an active	Student was an	Student worked	Student did not
	and engaged	active and engaged	with team but did	show evidence of
	participant and	participant in the	not show evidence	engagement with
	teammates could	team and student's	of engagement	team and did not
•	clearly point to	contribution could	with the team but	significantly
	student's	be discerned.	did contribute.	contribute.
	contribution.	0, 1, 1		
	Christians Calles	Student understood	Student understood	Student
	Student fully	kitchen tasks and	kitchen tasks and	misunderstood
	understood kitchen	assignments and	assignments and	kitchen tasks and
	tasks and	adapted to the needs	took direction from	assignments or di
	assignments and	of the assignment.	classmates.	not adapt to the
	quickly adapted to the needs of the			needs of the
				assignment.
	assignment, helping			·
¥7 1 1	other students along.	G. 1		
Verbal	Student	Student	Student	Student does not
ommunication	communicates well	communicates well	communicates with	communicate wel
nd Teamwork	with teammates, chef	with teammates and	teammates and	with teammates o
	instructor, and class	chef instructor.	chef instructor but	chef instructor and
	at large; anticipates		does not help out	prefers to work as
	the needs of others.		beyond his/her	an individual.
<u> </u>	C4-1	G. 11 .	own team.	
Organization	Student used proper	Student mostly used	Student showed	Student showed
and Sanitation	safety and sanitation	proper safety and	some knowledge of	little to no
(where	procedures as	sanitation	the proper safety	knowledge of the
applicable)	outlined in class:	procedures as	and sanitation	proper safety and
applicable	correct use of 3-bays	outlined in class:	procedures as	sanitation
	sink, properly	correct use of 3-bays	outlined in class:	procedures as
	anchored cutting	sink, properly	correct use of 3-	outlined in class:
	board, sharp knives,	anchored cutting	bays sink, properly	correct use of 3-
	full clean uniform	board, sharp knives,	anchored cutting	bays sink, properl
	with hair covered and	full clean uniform	board, sharp	anchored cutting
	restrained, clean	with hair covered	knives, full clean	board, sharp
	apron, and proper use	and restrained, clean	uniform with hair	knives, full clean
•	of side towels.	apron, and proper	covered and	uniform with hair
	Student demonstrated	use of side towels.	restrained, clean	covered and
	excellent	Student	apron, and proper	restrained, clean
	organizational skills	demonstrated good	use of side towels.	apron, and proper
	with mise en place	organizational skills	Student	use of side towels
	and laboratory	with mise en place	demonstrated fair	Student
	activity.	and laboratory	organizational	demonstrated poor
-		activity.	skills with mise en	organizational ski
			place and	with mise en place
			laboratory activity.	and laboratory
				activity.
		•		

18. TOPICAL COURSE OUTLINE FOR THE 12 WEEK SEMESTER (WHICH SHOULD BE SPECIFIC REGARDING TOPICS COVERED, LEARNING ACTIVITIES, AND ASSIGNMENTS):

Introduction to		
chocolate	 The History of Chocolate Confectionery Ingredients and Equipment Cacao and chocolate Tempering dark chocolate Truffles 	The Art of the Chocolatier Chapter 1 Chocolate and other ingredients Chapter 2 Essential equipment Chapter 3 Composition and basic techniques
Tempering and ganache	 Tempering milk and white chocolate Ganache: crystallization, types and infusion Nut clusters Chocolate curls 	Chapter 4 Simple chocolate methods and recipes Chapter 6 Ganache
Molded and Enrobing chocolate	 Tempering chocolate Transfer sheets Bonbon molds Cocoa butter color Dusting Chocolate confections 	Chapter 7 Decorating techniques Chapter 8 Chocolate praline recipes
Chocolate work I	 Understanding the theory of design Creating showpieces Chocolate decor 	Chapter 10 Chocolate bases and tubes Chapter 11 Chocolate décor Chapter 15 Creating a competition piece
Chocolate work II	 Modeling chocolate Chocolate flowers: shaved flowers, rolled flowers, knife-dipped flowers Roses Airbrushing 	Chapter 12 Modeling chocolate Chapter 13 Chocolate flowers
Chocolate work III	Chocolate showpiece Midterm exam	The Art of the Confectioner Chapter 1 Introduction
Intro to sugar and candies	 Equipment Ingredients Cooking sugar: Spun Sugar and Caramel Cages Sugar Confections: Hard Candies, Toffee, Brittles 	Chapter 2 Pastillage
Pastillage	 and Soft Caramels Pastillage: Marbled, Textured and Cracked Rose and Flowers Painting and Airbrushing 	Chapter 3 Sugar Casting Chapter 4 Sugar Pulling
Sugar work I	Casting Techniques Pulling Techniques	Chapter 5 Sugar Blowing

	Pulling Flowers and Ribbon	
Sugar work II	 Blowing and Shaping Techniques Controlling Aeration Refraction of Light 	Chapter 6 New Trends Chapter 7 Competition
Project work begins		
Final Showpiece Presentation		

SELECTED BIBLIOGRAPHY AND SOURCE MATERIALS: N/A

Revised/Dec.2015/AK



CA1600: Chocolate and Sugar Confections

Culinary Arts Program, Department of Tourism and Hospitality, Kingsborough Community College, City University of New York

Course Title:	Chocolate and Sugar Confections		
Course Number:	CA 1600	SECTION:	
PREPARED BY:	David Goldberg	DATE:	7/6/17
FACULTY NAME AND CONTACT:	NAME: PHONE: (718) 368- EMAIL: OFFICE HOURS: OFFICE LOCATION: KITCHEN: M 245	SYLLABUS PREPARATION DATE:	
CREDIT HOURS:	3 Credits		
Course Length:	12 weeks (12 meeting days and final e	exam)	
CONTACT HOURS:	Lecture: 12 Lab: 48		
COURSE SCHEDULE:	Days: Time: Dates: Final Exam:		V .
UNIT OF ACADEMIC MEASUREMENT:	12 week session		
PRE-REQUISITES:	CA1100		
Co-REQUISITES:			
CATALOG COURSE DESCRIPTION:	This course is designed to introduce stechniques. Students will be expose to sugar, pulled sugar and blow sugar to creative thinking, design, construction basic principles involved in tempering other confections. They will use both to production methods in creating confect equipment.	pastillage, poure create showpiece and planning. Stu chocolate, chocol raditional and con	d sugar, casting es emphasizing edents will learn ate sculptures and temporary
• .			

	TEXTBOOKS AND MATERIALS	(CHECK ONE)	
		REQUIRED	OPTIONAL
Техтвоок (s)	Notter, Ewald. The Art of the Confectioner: Sugarwork and Pastillage. Hoboken, NJ: Wiley, 2012. ISBN: 978-0-470-39892-0 Notter, Ewald. The Art of the Chocolatier: From Classic Confections to Sensational Showpieces. Hoboken, NJ: John Wiley & Sons, 2011. ISBN: 978-0-470-39884-5	X	
RESOURCES & SUPPLIES	 Digital Thermometer Notebook Pocket notebook Writing implements including permanent marker (Sharpie) 	X X X X	

PERFORMANCE OBJECTIVES:

Upon completion of this course, the student should be able to do the following:

- Develop proficiency in handling and tempering a variety of chocolate and understanding how chocolate is used within the industry
- Develop proficiency in cooking, handling, pulling, casting and blowing sugar decorations
- Design and execute a contemporary sugar and/or chocolate showpiece
- Critique and analyze chocolate and sugar candies and confections
- Demonstrate industry standards of sanitation, safety and professionalism as it relates to the production of chocolate and sugar products

INSTRUCTIONAL METHODS:

- One hour lecture to introduce new techniques and terminology
- Demonstration to introduce new techniques and terminology
- Laboratory for students to execute techniques and terminology
- Group work in pairs for laboratory
- Quizzes to test technique and terminology recall
- Final Buffet Practical
- Final written examination
- Supplemental handouts
- Final binders

GRADING:

Student performance will be evaluated based upon the following criteria:

- 45% Lab (organization/sanitation, teamwork/communication skills with partner, full uniform/prompt, understanding of techniques, and production analysis)
- 15% Quizzes these are based on your readings and notes from the previous class.
- 25% Final Practical
- 15% Final Exam

100% Total

WEEKLY TOPICAL CLASS MEETING OUTLINE

MEETING	DESCRIPTION OF CONTENT	HOMEWORK ASSIGNMENT
Class 1	 Introduction to chocolate The History of Chocolate Confectionery Ingredients and Equipment Cacao and chocolate Tempering dark chocolate Truffles 	The Art of the Chocolatier Chapter 1 Chocolate and other ingredients Chapter 2 Essential equipment Chapter 3 Composition and basic techniques
Class 2	 Tempering and ganache Tempering milk and white chocolate Ganache: crystallization, types and infusion Nut clusters Chocolate curls 	Chapter 4 Simple chocolate methods and recipes Chapter 6 Ganache
Class 3	 Molded and Enrobing chocolate Tempering chocolate Transfer sheets Bonbon molds Cocoa butter color Dusting Chocolate confections 	Chapter 7 Decorating techniques Chapter 8 Chocolate praline recipes
Class 4	Chocolate work I Understanding the theory of design Creating showpieces Chocolate decor	Chapter 10 Chocolate bases and tubes Chapter 11 Chocolate décor Chapter 15 Creating a competition piece
Class 5	 Chocolate work II Modeling chocolate Chocolate flowers: shaved flowers, rolled flowers, knife-dipped flowers Roses Airbrushing 	Chapter 12 Modeling chocolate Chapter 13 Chocolate flowers
Class 6	Chocolate work III Chocolate showpiece Midterm exam	The Art of the Confectioner Chapter 1 Introduction

<u> </u>	1	T-12:
Class 7	Intro to sugar and candies	Chapter 2 Pastillage
	Equipment	·
	Ingredients	
	Cooking sugar: Spun Sugar and Caramel	
	Cages	
	Sugar Confections: Hard Candies, Toffee,	
	Brittles and Soft Caramels	
Class 8	Pastillage	Chapter 3 Sugar Casting
	Pastillage: Marbled, Textured and Cracked	Chapter 4 Sugar Pulling
	Rose and Flowers	
	Painting and Airbrushing	
Class 9	Sugar work I	Chapter 5 Sugar Blowing
	Casting Techniques	
	Pulling Techniques	
	Pulling Flowers and Ribbon	
Class 10	Sugar work II	Chapter 6 New Trends
	Blowing and Shaping Techniques	Chapter 7 Competition
	Controlling Aeration	
	Refraction of Light	
Class 11	Project work begins	
Class12	Final Showpiece Presentation	
Final		
Exam		

NOTE: THE ABOVE CLASS OUTLINE IS SUBJECT TO CHANGE AT THE INSTRUCTOR'S DISCRETION

Culinary Arts Program Policies (for all classes)

Tasting, Meals and Leftovers

The culinary program at KCC is an educational enterprise, not a buffet. To be sure, smelling, touching, and tasting are key components of learning culinary arts. Tastings are often just that: tastes.

When sufficient production to meet instructional goals allows for a meal during or after class, enjoy. But know that there is no obligation or expectation that classes include a meal. You should eat something before attending class so you're not hungry when cooking.

Leftovers wherever possible should be repurposed for use in other classes or catered events. All other leftovers should be discarded or donated. Students may not take food from the kitchen unless given specific permission by the instructor.

Uniform

	e required to be dressed appropriately for class each week. You will not be allowed to
articip	pate if you fail to comply in one or more key areas:
	Clean white chef coat with KCC logo (available in KCC bookstore).
	White skullcap (available in KCC bookstore). Long hair tied back above collar and covered.
	Non-skid, closed-toe work shoes. No high heels or sandals.
	No jewelry.
	Nails clean, unpolished, and trimmed. No fake nails or long nails.
	Clean white apron and side towels, laundered on your own.
	Work pants or chef pants. No shorts/skirts/dresses.

Attendance

Because culinary classes are hands-on, there is no way to entirely "make up" a missed class. You can't copy notes or read the textbook and expect to succeed in culinary arts. Per KCC attendance policy, two absences (excused or unexcused) in a class that meets once weekly are allowed. The third absence marks the point where you are missing 25% or more of the course and your grade will be a WU (unofficial withdrawal). Two significant lateness marks count as an absence.

Your instructor will give you guidelines for letting her or him know when you anticipate being late or absent. Because culinary arts is a professional program preparing you for industry, you *must* let your instructor know when you will be late or absent. No call/no show is as unacceptable in this program as it is in industry.

Per KCC Student Handbook:

"What is Excessive Absence?

A student in any course who has been absent 15% of the total number of instructional hours that a class meets during a semester or session is deemed excessively absent. Where the course includes classroom lectures plus another component such as laboratory/field placement, etc., the 15% excessive absence policy applies to either component. Excessive absences may result in the instructor assigning either a lower grade or a 'WU ' for that course [Culinary Arts program faculty assign a WU]. Consistent with the college-wide policy on appealing final grades, the student may appeal such a grade.

Instructional hours per semester/Excessive absences for semester 24 hours [CA 21]/4 hours of absences 36 hours [TAH 43, 71, 73, 8174; CA 50, 60]/6 hours of absences 60 hours [CA 1, 2, 3, 11, 12, 8210, 90; TAH 72, 74]/9 hours of absences"

Grading

In culinary classes at KCC, we use a competency-based approach to grading. In order to earn an "A" you must be able to do all the skills that the course requires. You will **never** be graded on getting it perfect the first time, but **will** need to perform each task in a reasonable time frame to get full credit for the activity.

Many classes use a weekly performance grade. These are not "free points" but rather are based
on classroom performance. To earn these points the student:
☐ Arrives on time, dressed professionally (complies with uniform code) and ready to work.
☐ Has completed written and mental <i>mise</i> en place: reading, homework, recipe cards, etc.
☐ Completes assigned kitchen and classroom tasks successfully.
☐ Works safely, cleanly and with a sense of urgency. Sanitation or safety violations may
result in forfeiture of weekly grade or expulsion from class.
Actively engages in cleanup and leaves with the class.

Cell Phones

No cell phones in class.

Texting or making calls in the kitchen is not only disrespectful to the instructor and your classmates, it invites contamination from the dirtiest item in the kitchen: your cell phone. Cell phones cannot be thoroughly cleaned, spend time along side your mouth, nose, hair and worst of all in your pants pocket. On average they carry more bacteria than a public toilet seat (which unlike phones are easily cleaned).

If you make a phone call on a break, treat your phone as the food hazard it is and wash your hands thoroughly after each use.

Hand-washing and Hygiene

Wash your hands when entering the kitchen, after eating, smoking or making a phone call, after returning from the restroom, when switching from one task to another, after touching any part of your body, especially face, mouth, nose or hair, and in general more often than you are used to washing them.

Aprons and side towels should be removed before leaving the kitchen and especially before visiting the restroom.

Cleaning

The kitchen should always be cleaner at the end of class than it was at the beginning. It is the obligation of the class to keep the kitchen clean. Typically, a class is divided into clean-up teams:

Wash

Wash dishes using three-compartment sink and ware washer if available. Wash sinks and drain ware washer.

Dry

Air-dry and put away dishes/pots. Organize equipment storage.

Requisition and Food

Pack up leftover food for repurposing.

Discard remaining leftovers.

Prepare requisition/shopping list for next class:

Document leftovers/production for use by other classes for instructor.

Organize fridge, freezer and dry storage.

Bag and take out trash (last thing).

Counters and Floors

Wash all counter surfaces, fridge doors and bottom shelves.

Wash range and clean drip pans.

Sweep and mop floor.

Linens

The culinary program does not do student laundry.

Come to class each week with a clean chef coat, apron and side towel. It is your obligation to take these items home and wash them. If you do not have your chef coat, apron and side towel you may not participate in class.

Dismissal

Only the instructor dismisses the class. While classes are designed to finish on time, the speed of the class in production and clean up will determine dismissal time.

Students are dismissed by the instructor. Leaving before dismissal counts the same as a lateness for purposes of attendance and grading.

Civility in the Classroom:

Kingsborough Community College is committed to the highest standards of academic and ethical integrity, acknowledging that respect for self and others is the foundation of educational

excellence.

Civility in the classroom and respect for the opinions of others is very important in an academic environment. It is likely you may not agree with everything which is said or discussed in the classroom, yet courteous behavior and responses are expected. Therefore, in this classroom, any acts of harassment and/or discrimination based on matters of race, gender, sexual orientation, religion, and/or ability are not acceptable.

Whether we are students, faculty, or staff, we have a right to be in a safe environment, free of disturbance, and civil in all aspects of human relations.